INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Liberty Shoes Ltd.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Liberty Shoes Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements".

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under

section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Addressing the Key Audit Matters
(i)	Trade Receivables – Outstanding for more than 180 days	 Principal Audit Procedures followed: Our audit procedures based on which we arrived at the conclusion regarding reasonableness of trade receivables outstanding for more than 180 days: Obtained the detail of parties having outstanding for more than 180 days; Evaluated the facts, terms & conditions, status of legal proceedings wherever initiated and management's rationale for the recoverability of the outstanding dues; Meeting with the management.
(ii)	Recoverability of Input Tax Credit receivable – under the account head 'Loans & Advances – recoverable in cash or kind or for the value to be received' – Note No. 4 & 9 As at March 31, 2020, Long Term Advances (Note No. 4) and Short Term Advances (Note No. 9) consist of Balance with and other Statutory Authorities amounting ₹ 2477.40 Lakhs including unutilized amount of Input Tax Credit of GST of ₹ 2386.84 Lakhs.	Principal Audit Procedures followed: We reviewed the nature of the amounts recoverable, the sustainability and the likelihood of recoverability upon final resolution.

(iii)	(iii)	Contingent Liabilities – relating to VAT, Service Tax, EPCG, Labour and TDS (Note 39 [(III) to (VII)]	Our audit procedures conclusion regarding	
		There are certain pending matters relating to VAT for the year financial year 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08 & 2008-09 on account of classification of goods at different rate of tax, service tax on GTA services for the period from January 2005 to March 2007, pending compliances relating to EPCG licenses, few labour matters pertaining to earlier years and demand on account of non-deduction of tax at source and disallowance of certain business expenditure. These are pending before various judicial forums and consequential and possible impact thereof and provisions/disclosure required have been based on the management's assessment of the probability of the occurrence of the liability	 Contingent Liabilities in Obtained the stat department and the Evaluated the face management's raprovision so far unprovided agains Company; Meeting with man correspondences N Reliance has bee decisions on similiability arising the decisions; Reviewed the app disclosure by the the requirement on Liabilities and Cont 	
	Informatio	on Other than the Financial Statements and	2013 (the Act) w	

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act,

Our audit procedures based on which we arrived at the conclusion regarding reasonableness of the related Contingent Liabilities include the following:

- Obtained the status of the cases from the related department and their view on the matter;
- Evaluated the facts and terms and conditions and management's rationale for the adequacy of the provision so far made and the amount remaining unprovided against the demands made against the Company;
- Meeting with management and reading/ reviewing the correspondences Memos and Notes on related matters.
- Reliance has been placed on the legal views and decisions on similar matters and probability of the liability arising therefrom pending final judgement/ decisions;
- Reviewed the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosure by the management as required in terms of the requirement of IND AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

ith respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's

ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on

the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the financial year ended March 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind-AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received
 from the directors as on March 31, 2020, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For U. Shanker & Associates Firm Registration No. 014497N Chartered Accountants

Uma Shanker Gupta Partner Membership No. 089919 (UDIN: 20089919AAAADA1892)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana Dated: Friday, 31st July, 2020

Annexure - A to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date on the Financial Statements of Liberty Shoes Ltd.)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Liberty Shoes Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

> For U. Shanker & Associates Firm Registration No. 014497N Chartered Accountants

> Uma Shanker Gupta Partner Membership No. 089919 (UDIN: 20089919AAAADA1892)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana Dated: Friday, 31st July, 2020

Annexure - B to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under the heading of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Reg.: Liberty Shoes Limited (the Company)

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there exists a regular programme of verification of fixed assets which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanation given by the management, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in the property, plant and equipment/fixed assets are held in the name of the Company.
- The management has conducted the physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- 3) According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and

explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon.

- 5) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- 6) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of Cost Records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, for the products of the Company.
- 7) According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
 - a) The Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with appropriate authorities.
 - b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - c) According to the records of the Company, the dues outstanding of Income Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Nature of Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in ₹)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Service Tax Act, 1994	Service Tax on GTA Services	2,33,486	January 2005 to March 2007	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Chandigarh
Service Tax Act, 1994	Service Tax on GTA Services	2,95,112	April 2005 to March 2007	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Chandigarh
Punjab Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax on account of classification of goods at different rate of tax	19,13,016	Financial Year 2006-07	Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)
Punjab Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax on account of classification of goods at different rate of tax	22,30,998	Financial Year 2007-08	Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)
Income Tax	Non/shot-deduction of Tax at source	1,06,24,897	Financial Year 2016-17	Commissioner (Appeals)

Income Tax Disallowance of certain expenditure on a/c of non deduction of tax at source which otherwise are no liable for deduction in terms of applicable provisions of the law an for which Company is under appeal Company has also preferred an appeal against the same before the appropriate authority.		Financial Year 2016-17 (Assessment year 2017-18)	Commissioner (Appeals)
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- 8) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks. The Company has not taken any loan either from financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures.
- 9) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company during the year has not raised any money by way of initial public offer/ further public offer/ debt instruments except by way of term Loans from the bank and the same were applied for the purposes for which it was raised.
- 10) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, we report that no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers and employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid/provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act.
- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 wherever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- 14) According to information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and not commented upon.
- 15) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- 16) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For U. Shanker & Associates Firm Registration No. 014497N Chartered Accountants

Uma Shanker Gupta Partner Membership No. 089919 (UDIN: 20089919AAAADA1892)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana Dated: Friday, 31st July, 2020